# Receiving government health or nutrition benefits will not prevent you from becoming a permanent resident or lead to debt in the future.

Immigration (USCIS) does NOT count it negatively against you if you or your family members use Medicaid, CHIP, and Market-place subsidies, SNAP or WIC benefits for which you are eligible. This has been the law for many years and has not changed in recent months. Individuals who are eligible for and receive public benefits are not required to pay them back.

## Everyone has a right to an interpreter when applying for health insurance or seeking health care, at no cost.

Regardless of your immigration status, you have a right to an interpreter at no cost, whether you are applying for Medicaid, CHIP, or a Marketplace insurance plan, or are seeking care at a hospital or community health center. This is also true when applying for SNAP or WIC benefits. Children should not be asked to translate for their parents or other adults.

#### **RESOURCES**

# For a free appointment to enroll in Medicaid or ACA health insurance: 1-855-733-3711

## For questions or problems enrolling in public benefits programs:

- Charlotte and surrounding counties: 704-376-1600
- Eastern NC, the Triangle and the Triad: 919-861-2064
  - Western NC: 828-210-3452

### For Medicaid/ACA eligibility information for immigrants:

English:

http://bit.ly/CCLANCJCImmigration
Spanish:

http://bit.ly/CCLANCIC\_Inmigrantes

### For information on immigrant eligibility for benefits

programs: goo.gl/vw9hBb



North Carolina 2017









## Is it safe for immigrants to apply for health insurance and nutrition programs?

Yes! Medicaid, The Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) and the Health Insurance Marketplace provide low-cost health coverage to citizens and many lawfully present immigrants, including individuals in mixed-status families. Programs like SNAP (food stamps) and WIC help families put good food on the table for their children.

Eligible individuals should apply.

#### When you apply for Medicaid, CHIP, a Marketplace plan, SNAP or WIC:

- Your information will be and must be kept <u>private and confi-</u> <u>dential</u> even if your family has members with different immigration statuses.
- Your information <u>cannot</u> be used for immigration enforcement purposes.
- The law protects you and your family's information and privacy.

## Applying for someone else? You are <u>NOT</u> required to provide any information about your immigration status!

Applications for Medicaid, CHIP, Marketplace insurance, SNAP and WIC require citizenship or immigration status information only from people who are applying for coverage for themselves. The applications may not ask for citizenship or immigration status information about other people who are part of the household who are not seeking coverage for themselves. If you are undocumented, you should not provide any information about your immigration status. Instead you may say, "I am not applying for health insurance (or food stamps) for myself." Nonapplicants may still have to provide other information such as their address, tax filer status, and income.

# Immigrants should <u>NOT</u> misrepresent information when completing public benefit applications or dealing with any government agency.

Misrepresentations such as providing a false name or Social Security Number can cause serious problems with benefit agencies and Immigration.

#### If you don't have a Social Security number (SSN), you don't have to provide one.

Whether you are applying for health coverage or benefits for yourself or on behalf of eligible family members, your health insurance or nutrition program application may not be delayed or denied because you don't have an SSN. Only people who have a valid SSN are required to provide one.

#### Even if you are not a US Citizen or Green Card holder, you may still qualify for assistance.

Most lawfully present immigrants are eligible to purchase coverage in the Health Insurance Marketplace. In North Carolina, low income pregnant women and children who have a legal status can also qualify for Medicaid. Qualifying legal statuses include many categories of immigrants including individuals with U Visas, Student Visas, Work Visas, TPS, VAWA, applicants for SIJS, applicants for asylum and more. Anyone (with or without immigration status) may receive nutrition benefits from the WIC program. Rules are more restrictive for SNAP (food stamps) eligibility for immigrants.